IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (Original) A functional bead comprising a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present in the coating layer.
- 2. (Original) The functional bead according to claim 1, wherein the bead is a bead made of a material selected from the group consisting of glass, silica gel, polystyrene, polypropylene, membrane, and magnetic material.
- 3. (Original) The functional bead according to claim 1, wherein the coating layer is produced by a dehydration condensation reaction of a metal alkoxide.
- 4. (Original) The functional bead according to claim 1, wherein the bead is plastic and the coating layer is produced by polymerizing a vinyl compound.
- 5. (Original) The functional bead according to claim 1, wherein the nanoparticle is a nanoparticle made of at least one material selected from the group consisting of metal, semiconductor, and metal compound.
- 6. (Original) A method for reading beads comprising the steps of: introducing functional beads having a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present in the coating layer to a flow path;
 - enabling the functional beads to emit light with a wavelength specific to the nanoparticles by applying a voltage to the functional beads in the flow path; and identifying the functional beads based on the emission.
- 7. (Original) A bead reading apparatus comprising:
 - a flow path to enable functional beads having a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present in the coating layer to pass therethrough;
 - a pair of electrodes provided in the midst of the flow path;
 - a power source to apply a voltage to the electrodes; and

- a light-receiving element to capture light emitted from the functional beads, to which the voltage has been applied by the electrodes.
- 8. (Original) The bead-reading apparatus according to claim 7, comprising a magnetic belt for passing the functional beads through the flow path by magnetic force.
- 9. (Original) A method for reading beads comprising the steps of:

introducing functional beads having a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present in the coating layer to a flow path;

enabling the functional beads to emit light with a wavelength specific to the nanoparticles by irradiating the functional beads with an electromagnetic wave in the flow path; and

identifying the functional beads based on the emission.

- 10. (Original) A bead-reading apparatus comprising:
 - a flow path to enable functional beads having a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present in the coating layer to pass therethrough; an electromagnetic wave source provided in the midst of the flow path; and a light-receiving element to capture light emitted from the functional beads, which have been irradiated with the electromagnetic wave.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The bead-reading apparatus according to claim [[9]] 10, comprising a magnetic belt for passing the functional beads through the flow path by magnetic force.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A functional bead according to claim 1, comprising a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present in the coating layer, wherein a biopolymer is fixed on the surface of the functional bead.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method for reading functional beads comprising the steps of:

 providing a bead-reading apparatus having a flow path to enable functional
 beads having a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present
 in the coating layer to pass therethrough, an electromagnetic wave source provided in

the midst of the flow path, a light-receiving element to capture light emitted from the functional beads which have been irradiated with the electromagnetic wave, and a magnetic belt for passing the functional beads through the flow path by magnetic force, wherein at least one type of biopolymer is fixed on the surface of the functional beads;

causing a specific reaction between a <u>first</u> biopolymer of claim 11 and other a <u>second</u> biopolymer in the presence of [[the]] functional beads of claim 12; and identifying the functional beads based on the specific reaction.

- 14. (Original) The functional bead-reading method according to claim 13, wherein the specific reaction is a hybridization reaction, a nucleic acid amplification reaction, or an antigen-antibody reaction.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A flow cytometer comprising a bead-reading apparatus according to claim 7 comprising that includes a flow path to enable functional beads having a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present in the coating layer to pass therethrough; a pair of electrodes provided in the midst of the flow path; a power source to apply a voltage to the electrodes; and a light-receiving element to capture light emitted from the functional beads, to which the voltage has been applied by the electrodes.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A flow cytometer comprising a bead-reading apparatus according to claim 10 comprising that includes a flow path to enable functional beads having a coating layer on the surface thereof and having nanoparticles present in the coating layer to pass therethrough; an electromagnetic wave source provided in the midst of the flow path; and a light-receiving element to capture light emitted from the functional beads, which have been irradiated with the electromagnetic wave.